Can Pakistan ensure safety of SCO delegations?

1: An unsafe Pakistan grapples with insurgency, security threats & political turmoil as SCO approaches:

- As the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) Summit slated for 15-16
 October approaches, Pakistan's interior ministry invoked article 245 to approve
 heavy army deployment to maintain an illusion of safety amidst growing fears of
 terrorist attacks and insurgency as the country grapples with political turmoil and
 increased separatist movements.
- However, the security only covers areas prioritized by the Pakistani establishment like the Islamabad Red Zone from Oct 5-17.

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Government of Pakistan Ministry of Interior

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ORDER

S.R.O (1)/2024:- Pursuant to the request made by the Office of the Chief Commissioner, ICT vide their letter No.1-3/Home/2024 dated 01-10-2024, the Federal Government, in exercise of the powers conferred under Article 245 of Constitution, 1973 and under Sections 4 & 5 of Anti-Terrorism Act, 1997, is pleased to authorize deployment of requisite strength of Pakistan Army in aid of civil power from 5th to 17th October, 2024 in ICT, for maintaining law and order situation with respect to 23rd meeting of SCO Council of Heads of Government and visits of VVIP delegations for the said meeting.

 The exact area of deployment alongwith additional number of troops, if requirement arises, will be worked out by ICT Administration in consultation with concerned statcholders.

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The Manager, Printing Corporation of Pakistan, Karachi

- The Secretary to the Prime Minister, P.M's Office, Islamabad.
- 2. The Secretary, Ministry of Defence, Rawalpindi.
- The Secretary, Cabinet Division, Islamabad.
- The Military Operations Directorate, GHQ Rawalpindi.
- The Chief Commissioner ICT, Islamabad.
- The Inspector General of Police ICT, Islamabad.
- Deputy Secretary (Security), Ministry of Interior, Islamabad.
 Director to Minister for Interior, Islamabad.
- SPS to Secretary Interior, Islamabad.
- PS to Additional Secretary (IFS/BM), Ministry of Interior, Islamabad.

2: The lack of confidence on Pakistan stems from recent attacks in the country:

I. Repeated attacks by Tehreek-e-Taliban Pakistan:

- October 4th: insurgents ambushed a military convoy in the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province's North Waziristan district adjacent to the Afghan frontier. The assault resulted in deaths of 6 soldiers, including an officer, and the 6 assailants were also killed in exchange of fire. 22 soldiers also got injured.
- October 5th: At least 7 personnel were killed and 2 wounded in Kurram, a border district in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province.

II. Balochistan Rebels continue to give Pakistan and China a hard time:

- October 5th: officials in southwestern Balochistan province reported that insurgents detonated a roadside bomb near a military convoy Saturday, killing three soldiers and injuring four others. The Baloch Liberation Army (BLA) claimed responsibility.
- October 6th: The Majeed Brigade of BLA took responsibility for the attack near Jinnah International Airport in Karachi on Sunday night.
 - A. At least two Chinese perished in the attack prompting condemnation from Chinese embassy.
 - B. A "tanker truck" likely laden with IED had exploded on Airport Road.
 - C. A convoy from the Port Qasim Electric Power Company was the target.
 - D. At least 10 people were injured and multiple vehicles were destroyed.

3: Pakistan's response? It continues to isolate itself from minorities furthering the cause of insurgency:

- I. Pakistan continues its crackdown on minorities and minority interest groups:
- II. Pakistani authorities have banned a popular civil rights movement, the Pashtun Tahafuz Movement (PTM), that campaigns for the country's ethnic Pashtun minority.
 - Pakistani interior ministry accuses the group of activities "harmful to public order and security" in the country.
- III. Pakistan's police raided and arrested PTM leaders and members ahead of a "curial jirga" or people's assembly on October 11 in the northwestern Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province.

4: Pakistan tries to pin blame on Afghanistan for increased instances of terrorism:

- Pakistan claims that the TTP, also known as the Pakistani Taliban, operates from Afghanistan and carries out cross-border attacks with the support of the Taliban government.
- II. Islamabad alleges that BLA and its allies are also increasingly using Afghan sanctuaries to orchestrate deadly attacks in the country.
- III. However, during a conference of regional countries hosted by Russia on Friday, the Taliban Foreign Minister Amir Khan Muttaqi disputed terrorism-related concerns, claiming their government restored "security and stability" in Afghanistan.

5: Taliban counter blames Pakistan for regional instability:

I. In a rough translation of a post on X by Abdul Qahar Balkhi, Afghanistan's Ministry of Foreign Affairs Spokesperson, he wrote, "In the neighbouring country of Pakistan, the tension between the supporters of the government and the

political opponents has reached an alarming level, which may continue to have a negative impact on the entire region."

6: Internal turmoil increases pressure on Pakistan:

- I. The ruling PML-N leadership wants PTI (Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf) to be treated as a terrorist group amidst "unending protests" ahead of SCO summit.
- II. Pakistan blames everyone but itself: Punjab Information Minister Azma Bokhari alleged that foreign interests from Israel, Afghanistan, and India were backing Imran Khan.
- III. On Saturday, as many as 564 PTI individuals were arrested, including 11 plainclothes Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Police personnel, as Pakistan's interior ministry claimed that attempts to storm the capital were made.
- IV. As desperation runs high, a PTI barrister invited India's foreign minister to participate in the protests in a major embarrassment for Pakistan.

7: Diplomats in Pakistan have been attacked before:

I. On September 22, a roadside bomb hit a convoy of foreign diplomats including Ambassadors from Indonesia, Portugal, Kazakhstan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Zimbabwe, Rwanda, Turkmenistan, Vietnam, Iran, Russia and Tajikistan who were visiting northwest Pakistan's swat valley on invitation of local chamber of commerce.

8: Is Pakistan a capable player for SCO or a security liability?

- Pakistan is unable to handle its security woes.
- An area around an international airport was attacked at a time when arrival of SCO delegates and diplomats is awaited.
- Foreigners, especially Chinese, are regularly targeted in Balochistan.
- Diplomatic missions in Pakistan have been attacked before.

- Its own soldiers are regularly ambushed by Pashtun outfits and Baloch insurgents. Its capital was almost stormed by PTI supporters.
- It is also facing external pressure amidst regional instability caused by actions of an incapable political administration and a heavily burdened army.

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